IOWA PRENATAL CARE BARRIERS PROJECT DATA FROM 2017 SURVEYS

2017 Respondents from All Hospitals in Iowa: 20,919 2017 Respondents with Babies Born in **Kossuth County: 118**

Demographic Indicators	State	County
Mother's Age		
Less than 18 years	01%	<01%
18-19 years	03%	04%
20-25 years	25%	21%
26-30 years	36%	39%
31-35 years	26%	24%
More than 35 years	09%	12%
Mother's Ethnicity		
Hispanic	07%	05%
Non-Hispanic	93%	95%
White	90%	93%
Black	06%	04%
Asian or Pacific Islander	03%	01%
American Indian or Native Alaskan	01%	02%

Socioeconomic Indicators	State	County
Mother's Education		
Less than high school	07%	07%
High school	21%	17%
Some college	34%	40%
College graduate (Bachelor's degree)	27%	31%
Graduate school	12%	06%
Household Income		
Less than \$10,000	12%	13%
\$10,000 - \$19,999	09%	10%
\$20,000 - \$29,999	09%	13%
\$30,000 - \$39,999	08%	06%
\$40,000 - \$49,999	07%	06%
\$50,000 or more	54%	53%

Information Received in 12 Months Prior to Becoming Pregnant	State	Count
Health Care Provider Talked About:		
Birth control	49%	35%
Timing of pregnancy	26%	23%
Spacing of children	11%	129
Doctor, Nurse, or Other Health Care Provider Talked About:		
Taking folic acid or a multivitamin	44%	419
Smoking	29%	299
Drinking alcohol	25%	259
Your weight	24%	199
Regular exercise	27%	219
How romantic relationships affect your health	10%	109
Oral Health	23%	22
Did not see a doctor, nurse, or other health care professional for a check-up in the 12 months prior to becoming pregnant	31%	429

Behavioral Indicators During Pregnancy	State	County
No Birth Control was Used at Time of Conception	86%	86%
Unintended Pregnancy and Did NOT Use Birth Control	70%	72%
Cigarettes Smoked During Last 3 Months of Pregnancy		
Not smoked in past 2 years	78%	75%
Zero cigarettes per day	53%	39%
1-10 per day	41%	50%
11-20 per day	05%	11%
More than 20 per day	01%	<01%

Health Care Services During Pregnancy	State	County
Visited a Dentist, Dental Clinic, or Received Dental Care	56%	50%
Diagnosed with Depression During Pregnancy	03%	03%
Took Prescription Medication for Depression	48%	58%
Received Counseling for Depression During Pregnancy	30%	08%
HIV/AIDS Testing During Pregnancy		
Yes	41%	46%
No	32%	32%
No, Testing was offered, but did not want to be tested	02%	<01%
Don't know	25%	22%

Received Flu Shot During Pregnancy

Yes	65%	73%
No, Received flu shot before became pregnant	07%	08%
No, Did not want flu shot during pregnancy	12%	06%
No, Doctor said to wait until after pregnancy	01%	01%
No, Do not ever get flu shots	14%	09%
No, Flu shot was not available	02%	03%

Hospital Services	State	County
Hospital Staff Encouraged Breastfeeding During First 24 Hours After Birth		
of the Baby		
Yes	84%	82%
No	13%	17%
Don't remember	02%	02%
During Pregnancy or Time at the Hospital, a Doctor, Nurse, or Other		
Healthcare Professional Provided Information or Scheduled a Time to		
Discuss:		
Action steps to decrease frustration when infant cries	45%	55%
How to lay the baby down to sleep	58%	70%
Dangers of shaking an infant	43%	52%
Did not receive any information and have not scheduled a time to discuss	30%	20%
Things that may have happened at the hospital where the birth occurred		
I breastfed my baby in the hospital	81%	79%
Hospital staff gave me information about breastfeeding	87%	93%
My baby was placed in skin-to-skin contact within the first hour of life	84%	81%
I breastfed in the first hour after my baby was born	64%	56%
Hospital staff helped me learn how to breastfeed	72%	67%
Hospital staff told me to breastfeed whenever my baby wanted	68%	73%
I am feeding my baby	94%	95%

Technical Note: Because percentages were rounded, the sum of values may not equal 100%.

For more information: Call the University of Northern Iowa Center for Social & Behavioral Research: (319) 273-2105. *Data source:* Iowa Barriers to Prenatal Care Project, Iowa Department of Public Health, University of Northern Iowa Center for Behavioral Research: 2018 Data.