## IOWA PRENATAL CARE BARRIERS PROJECT DATA FROM 2014 SURVEYS

2014 Respondents from All Hospitals in Iowa: 24,696 2014 Respondents with Babies Born in **Tama: 164** 

Demographic Indicators	State	County
Mother's Age		
Less than 18 years	01%	01%
18-19 years	04%	05%
20-25 years	28%	31%
26-30 years	35%	33%
31-35 years	25%	21%
More than 35 years	07%	08%
Mother's Ethnicity		
Hispanic	07%	08%
Non-Hispanic	93%	92%
White	91%	79%
Black	05%	01%
Asian or Pacific Islander	03%	01%
American Indian or Native Alaskan	01%	19%
Socioeconomic Indicators	State	County
Socioeconomic Indicators  Mother's Education	State	County
	State	County 03%
Mother's Education		-
Mother's Education Less than high school	08%	03%
Mother's Education Less than high school High school	08% 19%	03% 31%
Mother's Education Less than high school High school Some college	08% 19% 36%	03% 31% 41%
Mother's Education Less than high school High school Some college College graduate (Bachelor's degree) Graduate school	08% 19% 36% 27%	03% 31% 41% 18%
Mother's Education Less than high school High school Some college College graduate (Bachelor's degree) Graduate school  Household Income	08% 19% 36% 27% 10%	03% 31% 41% 18% 06%
Mother's Education Less than high school High school Some college College graduate (Bachelor's degree) Graduate school  Household Income Less than \$10,000	08% 19% 36% 27% 10%	03% 31% 41% 18% 06%
Mother's Education Less than high school High school Some college College graduate (Bachelor's degree) Graduate school  Household Income Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 - \$19,999	08% 19% 36% 27% 10%	03% 31% 41% 18% 06%
Mother's Education Less than high school High school Some college College graduate (Bachelor's degree) Graduate school  Household Income Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 - \$19,999 \$20,000 - \$29,999	08% 19% 36% 27% 10% 14% 10%	03% 31% 41% 18% 06% 20% 12% 14%
Mother's Education Less than high school High school Some college College graduate (Bachelor's degree) Graduate school  Household Income Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 - \$19,999 \$20,000 - \$29,999 \$30,000 - \$39,999	08% 19% 36% 27% 10% 14% 10% 10% 09%	03% 31% 41% 18% 06% 20% 12% 14% 08%
Mother's Education Less than high school High school Some college College graduate (Bachelor's degree) Graduate school  Household Income Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 - \$19,999 \$20,000 - \$29,999	08% 19% 36% 27% 10% 14% 10%	03% 31% 41% 18% 06% 20% 12% 14%

Information Received in 12 Months Prior to Becoming Pregnant	State	County
Doctor, Nurse, or Other Health Care Provider Talked About:		
Taking folic acid or a multivitamin	47%	37%
Smoking	37%	30%
Drinking alcohol	32%	26%
Your weight	30%	26%
Regular exercise	33%	29%
How romantic relationships affect your health	13%	12%
Did not see a doctor, nurse, or other health care professional for a check-up	34%	41%
in the 12 months prior to becoming pregnant		
Behavioral Indicators During Pregnancy	State	County
No Birth Control was Used at Time of Conception	86%	87%
Unintended Pregnancy and Did NOT Use Birth Control	68%	72%
Dien to votume to work outside of home following high of this boby		
Plan to return to work outside of home following birth of this baby Yes	72%	67%
No	28%	33%
NO	2070	3370
Does worksite have designated room/location (not counting bathroom stalls) for mothers to breastfeed or pump/express their breast milk		
Yes	48%	37%
No	32%	47%
Don't Know	19%	16%
Does worksite have written policy about breastfeeding?		
Yes	18%	11%
No	30%	45%
Don't Know	52%	44%
Cigarettes Smoked During Last 3 Months of Pregnancy		
Not smoked in past 2 years	77%	69%
Zero cigarettes per day	03%	18%
1-10 per day	13%	11%
11-20 per day	06%	02%
More than 20 per day	01%	00%
Alcoholic Drinks During Last 3 Months of Pregnancy		
Not had any alcoholic drinks in past 2 years	23%	33%
Zero drinks per week	26%	66%
1 drink per week	32%	01%
2 or more drinks per week	41%	00%

Prenatal Care	State	County
Mother received prenatal care as early in the pregnancy as wanted		
Yes	93%	82%
No	07%	19%
Where mother went for most of prenatal care		
Private doctor's office or clinic	81%	83%
Midwife's office or home office from a midwife	05%	04%
Public clinic	13%	12%
Other	01%	00%
HIV/AIDS Testing During Pregnancy		
Yes	50%	61%
No	25%	20%
No, Testing was offered, but did not want to be tested	04%	04%
Don't know	22%	16%
Received Flu Shot During Pregnancy		
Yes	62%	62%
No, Received flu shot before became pregnant	07%	06%
No, Did not want flu shot during pregnancy	13%	14%
No, Doctor said to wait until after pregnancy	01%	01%
No, Do not ever get flu shots	14%	13%
No, Flu shot was not available	02%	04%
Hospital Services	State	County
Hospital Staff Encouraged Breastfeeding During First 24 Hours After Birth of the Baby		
Yes	83%	81%
No	15%	15%
Don't remember	03%	04%
During Pregnancy or Time at the Hospital, a Doctor, Nurse, or Other		
Healthcare Professional Provided Information or Scheduled a Time to		
Discuss: Breastfeeding or breastfeeding techniques	700/	760/
Action steps to decrease frustration when infant cries	78%	76% 48%
•	49%	
How to lay the baby down to sleep	56%	53%
Dangers of shaking an infant  Did not receive any information and have not scheduled a time to discuss	48%	52%
Did not receive any information and have not scheduled a time to discuss	09%	10%

Technical Note: Because percentages were rounded, the sum of values may not equal 100%. For more information: Call the University of Northern Iowa Center for Social & Behavioral Research: (319) 273-2105. Data source: Iowa Barriers to Prenatal Care Project, Iowa Department of Public Health, University of Northern Iowa

Center for Behavioral Research: 2014 Data.